UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1016
S/26435
14 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 22

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN HAITI

Letter dated 10 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Mexico to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to inform you that, in the light of the adoption by the Security Council of resolution 861 (1993), the Government of Mexico has suspended sanctions against Haiti and decided to restore its diplomatic representation in that country to the highest level. The Government of Mexico will resume cooperation programmes and explore measures with the Haitian authorities for the purpose of promoting collaboration in accordance with the priorities established by Haiti's constitutional Government.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under item 22 of the agenda for its forty-seventh session, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Manuel TELLO
Permanent Representative of Mexico
to the United Nations

93-49818 (E) 140993 140993

140993

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1017
15 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: FRENCH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Letter dated 13 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Senegal to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith a copy of the communiqué issued by Mr. Abdou Diouf, in his dual capacity as Chairman of the Sixth Summit of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and President of the Republic of Senegal, concerning the mutual recognition of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have the text of this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 30 and 35, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Kéba Birane CISSE
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

ANNEX

Communiqué issued by the Chairman of the Sixth Summit of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and President of Senegal

After years of hostilities, Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization have exchanged letters of mutual recognition.

In my capacity as Chairman of the Sixth Summit of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and President of the Republic of Senegal, I welcome this major event which marks an important step towards the settlement of the Palestinian question and thus of the conflict in the Middle East, a region which is the birthplace of the three revealed religions.

I also extend warm congratulations to the two parties on their broadness of vision as well as to all those who have contributed to the conclusion of this agreement.

I urge them to continue their efforts so as to ensure that the important result thus achieved is but the beginning of a process that will lead to a definitive peace in the region, in the mutual interest of all the peoples concerned.

In this regard, the parties can count on the firm support of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its member States, which have always worked actively for the achievement of this noble objective.

UNITED NATIONS **A S**

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1018
S/26443
15 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 9 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the official communiqué issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Venezuela on the occasion of the announcement by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization of the signing of the interim peace agreement.

I should be grateful if you would arrange for the text of this letter and its annex to be circulated as an official document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 30 and 35, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Adolfo R. TAYLHARDAT
Permanent Representative
of Venezuela

ANNEX

Communiqué issued on 9 September 1993 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Venezuela on the occasion of the signing, by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, of the Declaration of Principles

The Government of Venezuela welcomes with deep satisfaction the decision of the Government of Israel and the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) to sign an interim peace agreement which will permit Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and Jericho.

Given the historic importance of this agreement, the National Government extends its congratulations to the principal parties involved in this process, which constitutes the first step towards a regional, lasting and definitive peace. In particular, it wishes to acknowledge the hard work of the negotiators representing all the parties involved, in achieving a settlement which will have a tremendous impact on the current international scene and which is a reflection of a new era for a world that, despite its complexity, is still striving for peace.

The Government of Venezuela, in keeping with the country's peace-loving tradition, urges the parties involved in this process to make every effort to continue the negotiations aimed at reaching agreements that would bring a comprehensive peace to the Middle East, a region consisting of friendly countries with which Venezuela maintains close ties.

UNITED NATIONS **A S**

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1019
S/26447
15 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/FRENCH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 15 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith the English and French texts of a statement issued on 13 September 1993 by the Presidency of the European Community on the peace process in the Middle East (see annex).

I should be grateful if you could have this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 30 and 35, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Paul NOTERDAEME
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of
Belgium to the United Nations

ANNEX

Statement dated 13 September 1993 by the Presidency of the European Community on the peace process in the Middle East

The European Community and its member States pay tribute to the vision and courage of the Israeli and Palestinian leaders who signed this historic agreement, which represents a positive breakthrough in the peace process.

The European Community and its member States offer their continuing political support and readiness to participate in further international arrangements arising in connection with implementation of the agreement.

Stressing the fact that the Community and its member States are already the largest net contributor to the occupied territories, the Community and its member States announce their intention to continue to be a substantive contributor. The European Community is ready to offer a package of immediate aid of 20 million ECU and to discuss medium-term aid with Palestinian institutions as they are formed.

The European Community and its member States reiterate their commitment to a comprehensive peace and hope that progress will be accomplished in other bilateral negotiations and in the multilateral talks on future cooperation. As a chairman of the Regional Economic Development Working Group, the European Community and its member States are prepared to contribute to all forms of regional economic cooperation.

UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1020
S/26453
16 September 1993

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 15 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the text of the statement by the Government of Malaysia on the mutual recognition between the Palestine Liberation Organization and Israel and on the Agreement on Palestinian limited autonomy in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho (see annex).

I should be grateful if the text of the statement could be circulated as a document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 30 and 35, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Razali ISMAIL
Ambassador

ANNEX

Statement by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Malaysia on the mutual recognition between the Palestine Liberation Organization and Israel and on the Agreement on Palestinian limited autonomy in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho

Malaysia welcomes the decision reached between the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) and Israel on mutual recognition as well as the historic agreement for a Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza-Jericho occupied territories signed in Washington on 13 September 1993.

We view these latest events as a positive and forward movement in the long and arduous search for a comprehensive, just and durable solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict. Malaysia has consistently urged for an early resolution of the Palestinian problem based on justice and through negotiations. In this context, we have lent our support to the Middle East peace process and have called all parties concerned to demonstrate the necessary political will and good faith in resolving the conflict. Malaysia has consistently and firmly supported the Palestinian cause and we hope this agreement is the first step towards the building of mutual confidence that would ultimately provide the solution of the Palestinian issue within the framework of the relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions, in particular resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973), which provide for the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, including their right to self-determination and to a homeland and the security of all States, including Israel.

Malaysia would also like to take this opportunity to commend the Palestinian leadership for its realistic and courageous act in leading the Palestinian people towards a new and promising future.

We are confident that the PLO and Israel, as well as other Arab States in the Middle East, will build on this initial success and continue to strive to bring about a new era of long-lasting peace, stability and prosperity to the region.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1021
17 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Letter dated 10 September 1993 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bolivia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you the text of the statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Worship of Bolivia on the mutual agreement reached by the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter and its annex circulated as an official document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly under agenda items 30 and 35.

(Signed) Barbara CANEDO-PATIÑO
Minister Counsellor
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

ANNEX

Statement issued on 10 September 1993 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Worship of Bolivia

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Worship expresses its satisfaction at the agreement on mutual recognition reached by the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

This agreement marks the beginning of an era of peace in the Middle East, which has been long awaited by the international community. The compromise between Israelis and Palestinians reflects a new spirit of justice and cooperative dialogue among nations which, for historical reasons, have been in a state of confrontation.

The mutual acceptance of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by war, and the need to work for a just and lasting peace and to terminate all military activity, proposed in Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973) is, undoubtedly, a highly significant step towards a new order in international relations. This event is a historic lesson in the search for solutions in regions where the painful legacy of history continues to hinder development, justice, coexistence and true friendship among peoples and Governments.

In keeping with its pacifist policy, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Worship declares that it will continue to support efforts to strengthen peace in the Middle East, in accordance with the norms of international law and justice, which should prevail in international relations.

Through this Ministry, and on the occasion of this historic event, the Government of Bolivia, shares the satisfaction of Bolivian citizens of Israeli and Palestinian descent.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1022
17 September 1993

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 8

ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA AND ORGANIZATION OF WORK

Letter dated 17 September 1993 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly

I have the honour to inform you that, in consultations in connection with Security Council resolution 821 (1993) of 28 April 1993, the members of the Council agreed to keep the subject-matter of that resolution under continuous review and to consider it again at a later date.

(Signed) Adolfo Raul TAYLHARDAT
President of the Security Council

93-50865 (E) 170993

190993

UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1023
S/26471
20 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/FRENCH/
SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 22
THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN
RIGHTS IN HAITI

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 14 September 1993 from the Secretary-General
to the President of the General Assembly

I have the honour to transmit to you the letter addressed to me by Mr. Christopher R. Thomas, Deputy Secretary General of the Organization of American States (see annex), conveying the text of a Declaration on the situation in Haiti, adopted by the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States on 8 September 1993.

I should be grateful if you would be kind enough to bring the text of the present letter and its annex to the attention of the members of the General Assembly.

(Signed) Boutros BOUTROS-GHALI

ANNEX

Letter dated 8 September 1993 from the Deputy Secretary General in charge of the General Secretariat of the Organization of American States addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a copy of the "Declaration on the situation in Haiti" adopted unanimously by the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States at its regular meeting held today (see appendix).

(Signed) Christopher R. THOMAS
Deputy Secretary General
in charge of the General Secretariat

APPENDIX

Declaration on the situation in Haiti, adopted by the Permanent Council at its meeting held on 8 September 1993 (CP/DEC.14 (960/93))

THE PERMANENT COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES,

HAVING HEARD the statement by the Ambassador Permanent Representative of Haiti on the resurgence of human rights violations in that country, and aware of the press release of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights No. 16/93, dated August 27, 1993, and of information received from the UN/OAS Civilian Mission;

REITERATES its concern over such alarming reports and expresses its resolute condemnation of those responsible for the acts that have been denounced;

RECALLS that the suspension of the trade embargo and other measures adopted by the international community as a result of the overthrow of the legitimate Government of Haiti presupposes full compliance with the "Agreement of Governors Island", which embodied the commitment to carry out "a peaceful transition to a stable and lasting democratic society in which all Haitians will be able to live in a climate of freedom, justice, security and respect for human rights";

URGES the international community to transfer as a matter of urgency the resources required for the emergency programs of the Government of Prime Minister Robert Malval, and

REQUESTS the Secretary General of the Organization of American States to transmit this Declaration to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to disseminate it as widely as possible.

UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1023*
S/26471*
23 September 1993
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/FRENCH/
SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 22
THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN
RIGHTS IN HAITI

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 14 September 1993 from the Secretary-General to the President of the General Assembly and to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to transmit to you the letter addressed to me by Mr. Christopher R. Thomas, Deputy Secretary General of the Organization of American States (see annex), conveying the text of a Declaration on the situation in Haiti, adopted by the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States on 8 September 1993.

I should be grateful if you would be kind enough to bring the text of the present letter and its annex to the attention of the members of the General Assembly.

(Signed) Boutros BOUTROS-GHALI

* Reissued for technical reasons.

ANNEX

Letter dated 8 September 1993 from the Deputy Secretary General in charge of the General Secretariat of the Organization of American States addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a copy of the "Declaration on the situation in Haiti" adopted unanimously by the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States at its regular meeting held today (see appendix).

(Signed) Christopher R. THOMAS
Deputy Secretary General
in charge of the General Secretariat

APPENDIX

Declaration on the situation in Haiti, adopted by the Permanent Council at its meeting held on 8 September 1993 (CP/DEC.14 (960/93))

THE PERMANENT COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES,

HAVING HEARD the statement by the Ambassador Permanent Representative of Haiti on the resurgence of human rights violations in that country, and aware of the press release of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights No. 16/93, dated August 27, 1993, and of information received from the UN/OAS Civilian Mission;

REITERATES its concern over such alarming reports and expresses its resolute condemnation of those responsible for the acts that have been denounced;

RECALLS that the suspension of the trade embargo and other measures adopted by the international community as a result of the overthrow of the legitimate Government of Haiti presupposes full compliance with the "Agreement of Governors Island", which embodied the commitment to carry out "a peaceful transition to a stable and lasting democratic society in which all Haitians will be able to live in a climate of freedom, justice, security and respect for human rights";

URGES the international community to transfer as a matter of urgency the resources required for the emergency programs of the Government of Prime Minister Robert Malval, and

REQUESTS the Secretary General of the Organization of American States to transmit this Declaration to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and to disseminate it as widely as possible.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/47/1024
20 September 1993

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda items 30 and 35

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Letter dated 17 September 1993 from the Permanent Representative of India to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit the text of the statement by the official spokesman of the Government of India on the mutual recognition between the Palestine Liberation Organization and Israel and on the agreement on Palestinian limited autonomy in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho (see annex).

I should be grateful if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly under agenda items 30 and 35.

(Signed) M. H. ANSARI
Permanent Representative

ANNEX

Statement issued by the Government of India
on the Israeli-Palestinian agreement

India welcomes the mutual recognition by the State of Israel and the Palestinian Liberation Organisation, and the signing of the Palestinian-Israeli Agreement on Palestinian Self-Rule. These are notable steps towards ensuring of peace and stability in West Asia, which has been troubled by strife and discord for so many generations. The Government of India extend felicitations to Mr. Yasser Arafat, Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, and his negotiators for their courage in taking this first but essential step. India also notes the pragmatism and foresight of the Israeli leadership, especially Prime Minister Rabin and Foreign Minister Peres, in arriving at the present agreement. India, with her historic ties of friendship and socio-cultural links with the peoples of the region, will continue to extend its support to further efforts that will be undertaken towards peace in West Asia, and will lend its good offices whenever required towards confidence-building measures in the area. India expects that these historic steps forward would lead to further positive developments aimed at achieving the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. The agreements between Israel and Syria, Jordan and Lebanon, which are under discussion, when achieved, will introduce an era of regional amity, peace and prosperity, free from tension and conflict. India hopes for this prospect in the larger interests of world peace and stability.